

Playing chiptunes through a city-wide sensor network

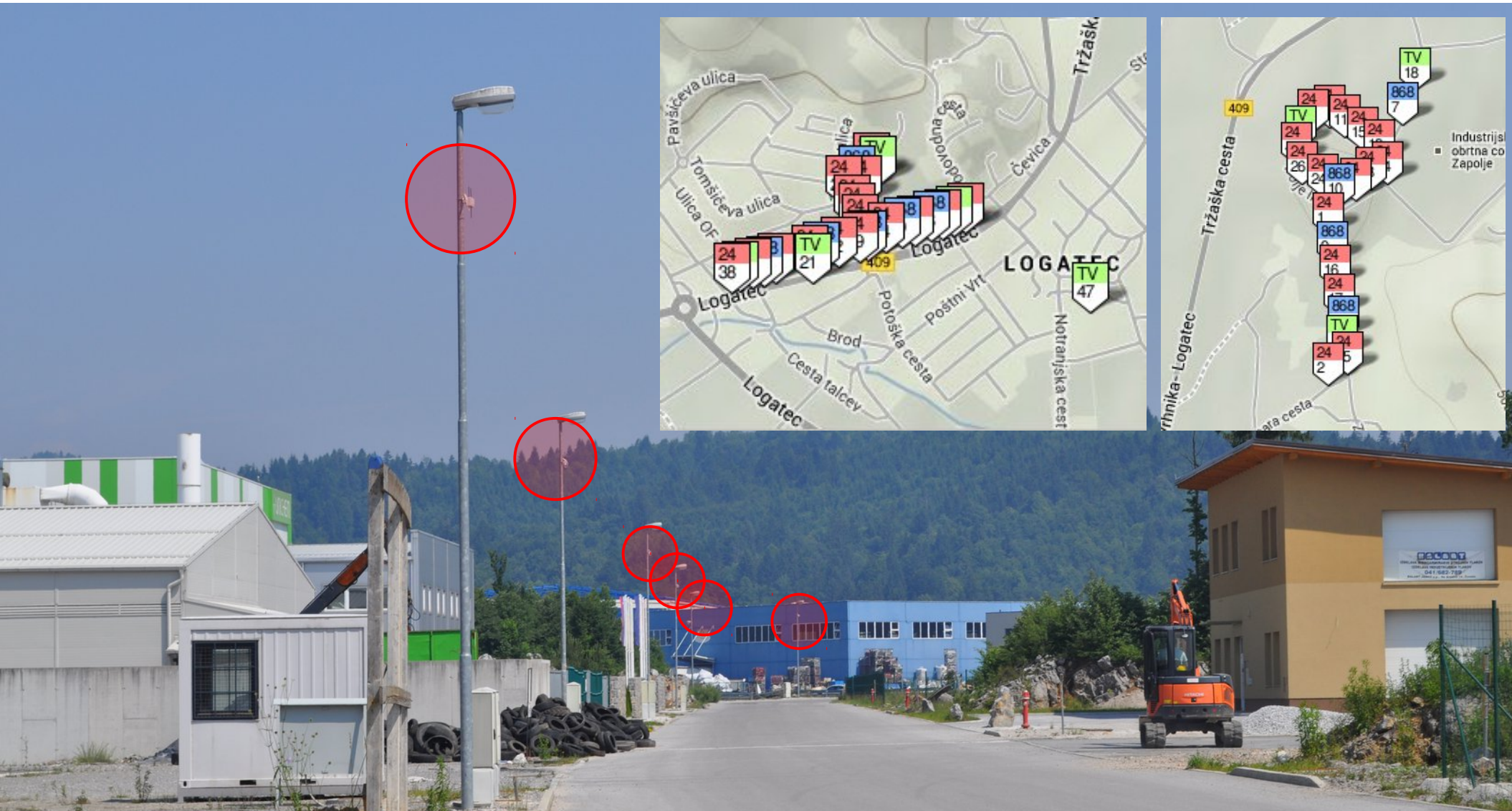
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This is VESNA



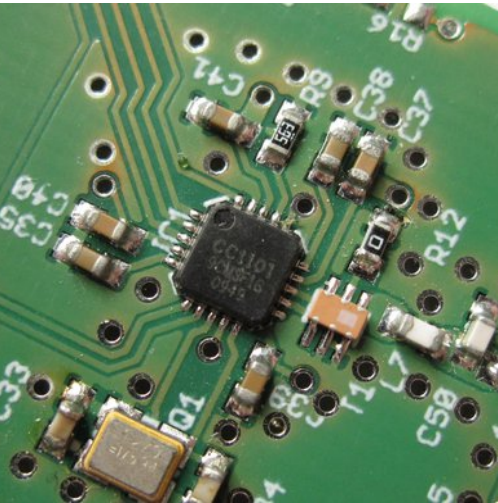
(substitute your favorite wireless sensor here)

Let's use sensors for broadcasting audio



Each node should act as an FM transmitter
(because *science!*)

Quick sanity check



(CC1101)



packet
based

SRD band
(868 MHz)

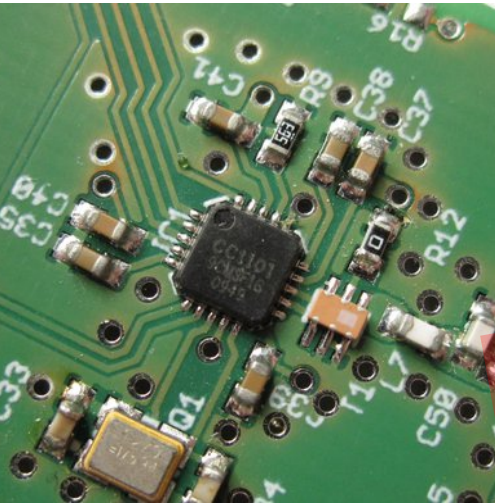
digital
FSK

continuous

bcast. band
(<864 MHz)

analog
FM

Quick sanity check



(CC1101)



~~packet
based~~

legacy transmit
mode allows
infinite packet
length

~~SRD band
(868 MHz)~~

works reasonably
well down to
780 MHz

(covers channels
used by studio
microphones)

digital
FSK

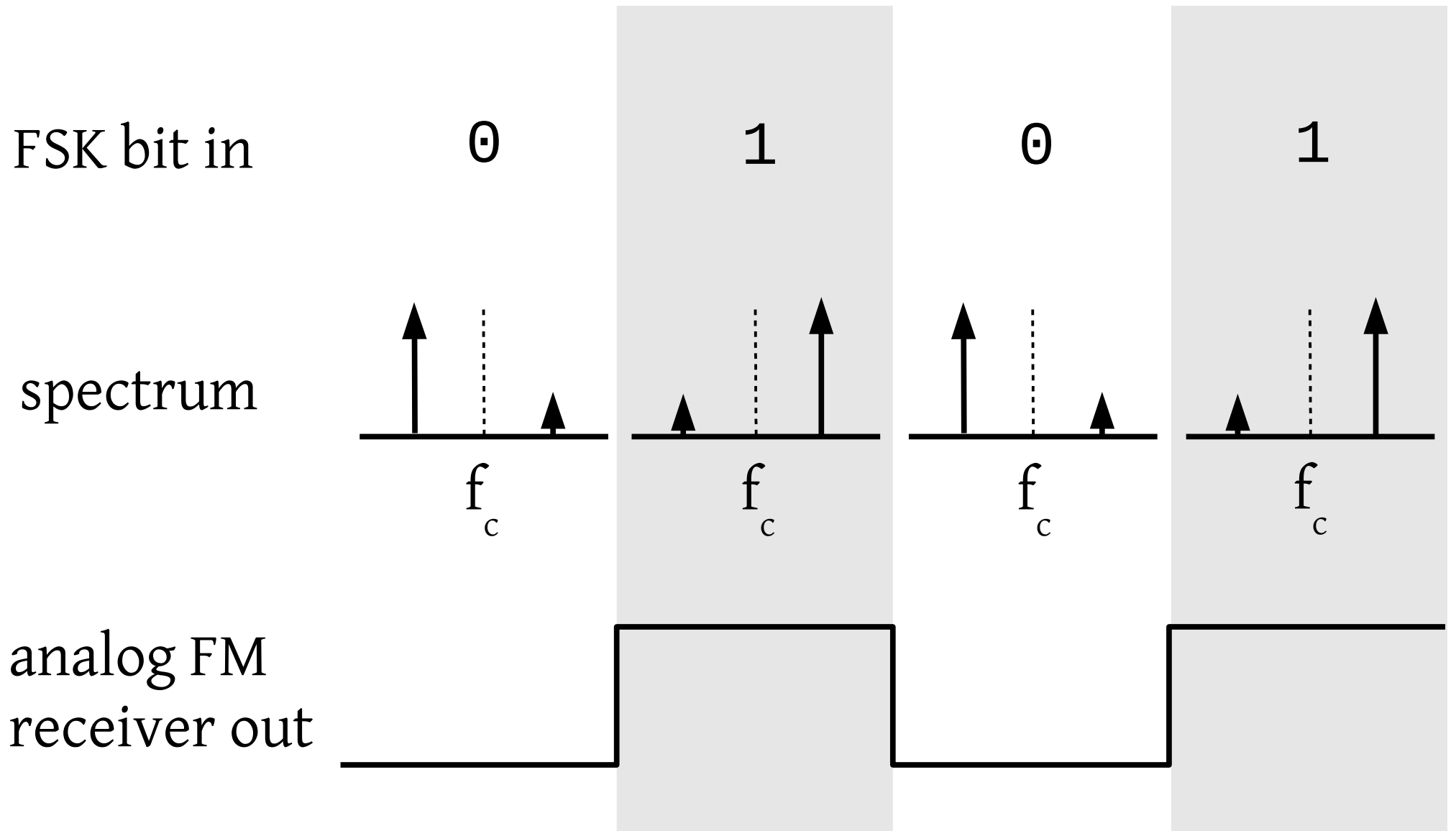
continuous

bcast. band
(<864 MHz)

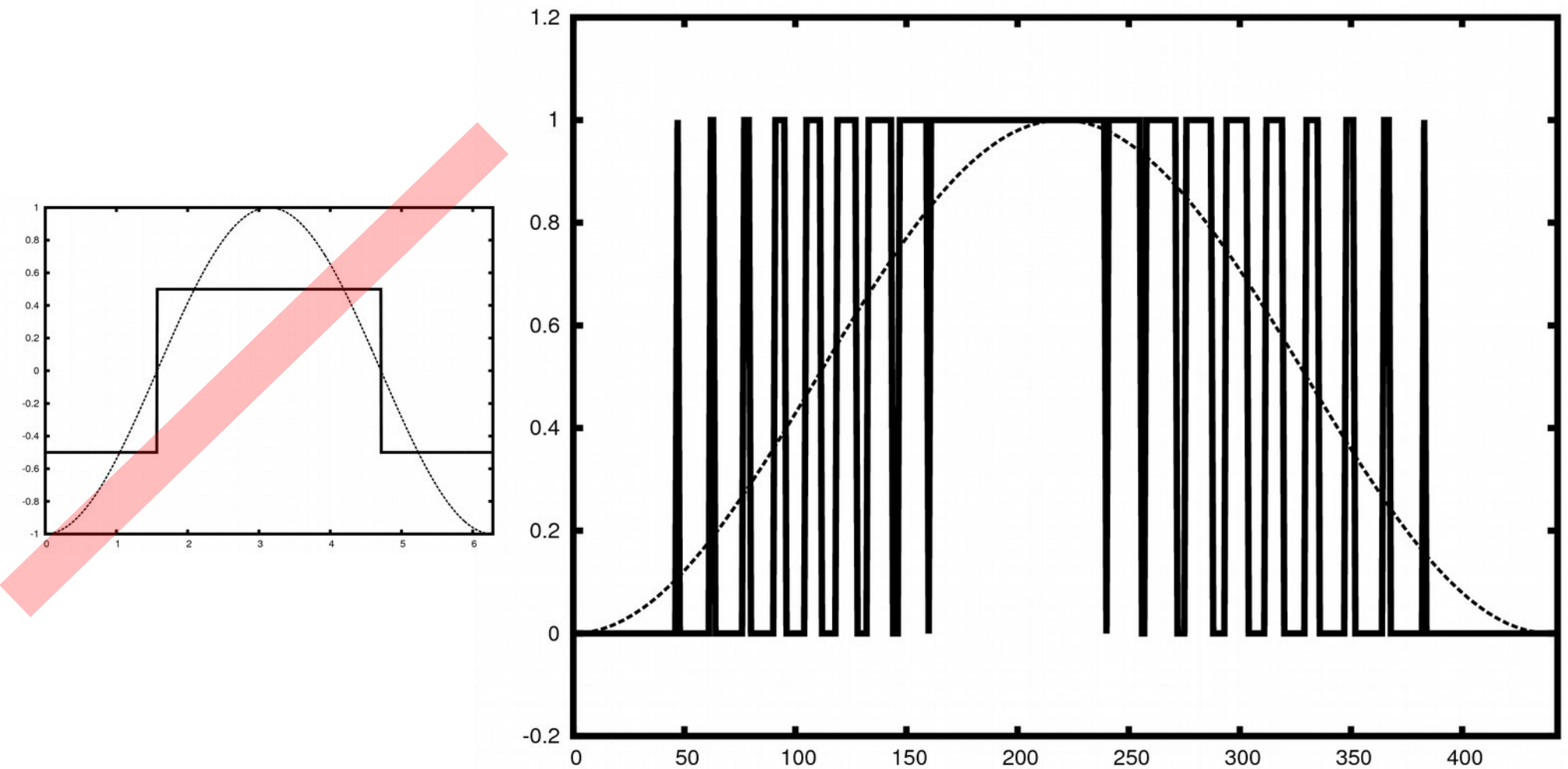
analog
FM

Frequency Shift Keying

as received by an analog FM receiver



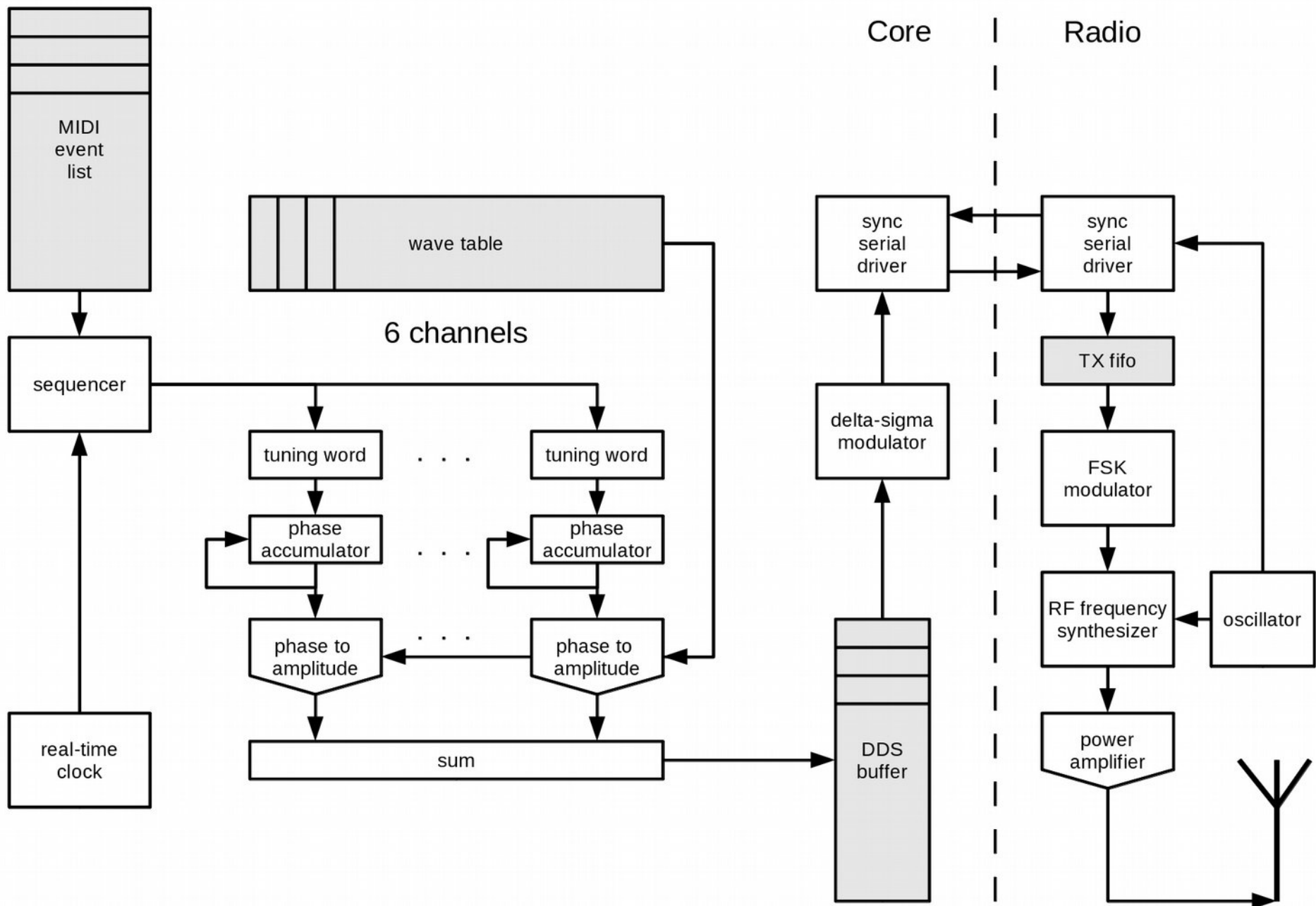
Exploit high bit rate to gain effective bits with oversampling



(delta-sigma modulation)

Add a wavetable synthesizer

(valid scientific reasons end somewhere around here)



ARM Cortex M3 (72 MHz, 96 kB RAM) can currently do

2	simultaneous MIDI tracks
3	channels per track
25 kHz	audio rate
16x	delta-sigma oversampling
4	effective bits

Limits

- interrupt load because bit-banging baseband bus
- running out of RAM for audio synthesis buffer
- missing 32 kHz pilot tone for some studio microphone receivers

Plan

1. Reprogram nodes in a sensor network.
2. Studio receivers in the area start playing a chiptune.
3. ???
4. ??? (possibly a hefty fine if you didn't talk this through with the right people first)



Video

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gwk1oZbig28>

Source

<https://github.com/avian2/vesna-audio-synthesis>

More info

[http://www.tablix.org/~avian/blog/archives/2013/06/playing the smile song on vesna/](http://www.tablix.org/~avian/blog/archives/2013/06/playing%20the%20smile%20song%20on%20vesna/)

Microphone photo credit: ChrisEngelsma, CC BY-SA 3.0,
<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:SennMicrophone.jpg>

Evil looking pink pony credit: <http://ask-thecrusaders.tumblr.com>